

# Preceptorship Programme 1st June 2023

### Dr. Dung Nguyen Thi

On-demand GI Medical Oncology Dept.

Hanoi Oncology Hospital

**VIETNAM** 



### Case Presentation Epithelioid hemangioendothelioma, a rare sarcoma of the liver

- 1 History and clinical examination
  - 2 Investigation status
  - 3 Diagnosis & Treatment
  - 4 Imaging follow-up
- 5 Discussion



## History and clinical examination

- 51-year-old Vietnamese male
- Admission day: August 10<sup>th</sup> 2022
- Chief complaint: loss of appetite + fatigue
- **History of present illness**: before admission, he felt fatigue and loss of appetite for 1 month.
- PMH: Normal
- Admission status: Conscious, ECOG 0, Jaundice (-), abdominal pain (-)



### Investigation status

#### > Tests

- Abdominal MRI (Aug 2022): masses in the both liver lobes, max 17 x 21mm, hyperintense on T2-weighted →suspected metastases.
- Abdominal CT (Aug 2022): Suspected multifocal liver metastasis max 28mm
- HbSAg (-), HCV Ab (-)
- AFP: 7.3 ng/ml, CEA: 4.6 ng/ml, CA19.9: 0.6 U/l
- Chest CT: Normal
- Others: Within normal limits
- > Pathology (liver biopsy): Suspected carcinoma
- > **IHC:** Hepatic epithelioid hemangioendothelioma



### Diagnosis & Treatment

- Diagnosis: Hepatic epithelioid hemangioendothelioma
- > Treatment: Bevacizumab- Capecitabine
- > Treatment outcome: stable diseases until now
  - ✓ Symptoms: Gain weight (5kg), abdominal pain (-)
  - ✓ **Abdominal CT (Dec 2022):** masses in both lobes of liver, max 28 x 25mm, poor enhancement after contrast injection.
  - ✓ **Abdominal CT (Feb 28<sup>th</sup> 2023):** masses in both lobes of liver, max 16 x 23mm with similar characteristics as before treatment.
  - ✓ Blood tests: within normal limits
  - ✓ Toxicity: none



# Imaging follow-up

Aug 2022

Abdominal MRI before treatment

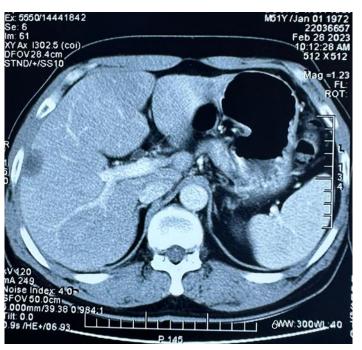
**Dec 2022** 

Abdominal CT after 3 months treated with Bevacizumab-Capecitabine



Feb 2023

Abdominal CT after 6 months treated with Bevacizumab- Capecitabine





### Discussion

- 1. Epithelioid hemangioendothelioma is a very rare sarcoma of the liver and may be misdiagnosed as metastatic carcinoma on the basis of its radiologic manifestations.
- 2. There have not yet been standard therapeutic strategies/guidelines for this disease.
- 3. Chemotherapy could be a treatment option depending on each circumstance.



### **THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!**